Senior School Certificate Examination March -----2014-15 Marking Scheme---Business Studies (Foreign) 66/2/1, 66/2/2, 66/2/3.

General Instructions:

1. The marking scheme carries only suggested value points for the answer. These are only guidelines and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, marks be awarded accordingly.

2. Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the marking scheme.

3. If a question has parts, please award marks on the right hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totalled up and encircled in the left hand margin.

4. If a question does not have parts, marks be awarded in the left hand margin.

5. If a candidate has attempted a question twice, marks should be given in the question attempted first and the question attempted later should be ignored with the comment 'Extra Attempt'.

6. In a question, if two features/ characteristics/ points are asked but an examinee writes more than two features/ characteristics/ points, say, five, of which first is correct, second is incorrect, the first two should be assessed and the remaining should be ignored.

7. The examiners should acquaint themselves with the instructions given in the Guidelines for Spot Evaluation before starting the actual evaluation.

8. Every examiner should stay upto sufficiently reasonable time normally 5-6 hours everyday and evaluate 20-25 answer books and should devote minimum 15-20 minutes to evaluate each answer book.

9. Every examiner should acquaint himself/ herself with the marking schemes of all the sets.

10. It is expected that the marking scheme should be followed objectively to ensure quality evaluation. For instance, if an examinee scores 30 marks, then the marks should not be inflated to 33 simply to pass him/ her.

11. Marks should be awarded keeping in view the total marks of a particular question and not the total marks of the question paper. For example, if one mark is given to a 3 marks question even if nothing is correct, then that one mark constitutes 33% of the total marks for this answer.

12. The examiner shall also have to certify in the answer book that they have evaluated the answer book strictly in accordance with the value points given in the marking scheme and correct set of question papers.

13. In compliance to the judgement of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, Board has decided to provide photocopy of the answer book(s) to the candidates who will apply for it along with the requisite fee from 2012 examination. Therefore, it is all the more important that the evaluation is done strictly as per the value points given in the marking scheme so that the Board could be in a position to defend the evaluation in any forum.

14. While evaluating the answer scripts, if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as (x) and awarded zero (0) marks.

15. A full scale of marks 0-80 has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it. Similarly, wherever an examinee writes an answer upto the mark, his/ her marks should not be deducted unnecessarily.

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66/2/1	MARKING SCHEME-2014-15 BUSINESS STUDIES <u>FOREIGN-66/2/1</u> EXPECTED ANSWERS / VALUE POINTS	DISTRI- BUTION OF MARKS
1	Q. What is meant by 'Privatisation'?Ans. 'Privatisation' means giving greater role to the private sector in the nation building process and a reduced role to the public sector.	1 mark
2	Q. Why is it said that principles of management are mainly behavioural in nature?	1 mark
	Ans. Principles of management are mainly behavioural in nature as they aim at influencing behaviour of human beings.	
3	Q. Define 'method' as a type of plan.Ans. Method is the prescribed way or manner in which a task has to be performed.	1 mark
	(or any other correct definition)	
4	Q. 'Bawa Cycles' was in the business of manufacturing racing-cycles and had a monopoly in the market. The business was doing very well and the company was consistently meeting its objective of 10% increase in sales every year. Encouraged by the good track record, the Managing Director of the company kept an ambitious target of 15% increase in sales for the next year. The same year two competitors also entered the market and because of this the company was not able to meet its target. Identify the limitation of one of the functions of management because of which the company was not able to achieve its target.	1 mark
5	Ans. Planning may not work in a dynamic environment.Q. How do 'Floatation costs' affect the choice of capital structure of a	
5	Ans. 'Floatation costs' affect the choice of capital structure of a company as higher the floatation costs, less attractive the source of finance.	1 mark
6	Q. 'Reliable Transport Services Ltd.' specialises in transporting fruits and vegetables. It has a good reputation in the market as it delivers the fruits and vegetables at the right time and at the right place. State with reason whether the working capital requirements of 'Reliable Transport Services' will be high or low.	¹ / ₂ mark for identification + ¹ / ₂ mark for reason =

	Ans Low as it is a service industry which usually do not have to maintain	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$
	Ans. Low, as it is a service industry, which usually do not have to maintain inventory.	= 1 mark
7	 Q. 'Glow and Shine Ltd.' is a famous beauty brand offering organic beauty products for men and women. The company uses plant-based material for its products and is the No. 1 beauty brand in the country. It not only satisfies its customers but also believes in overall protection of the planet. Identify the marketing management philosophy being followed 'Glow and Shine Ltd.' Ans. Societal marketing concept. 	1 mark
8	Q. Pankaj purchased a car from 'Abhishek Motors' for Rs. 50 lakhs. The company offered many attractive gifts to Pankaj like - free insurance for first two years, free pick-up and drop facilities for free servicing upto 20,000 km, etc. But after a few days Pankaj noticed that 	¹ / ₂ + ¹ / ₂ = 1 mark
9	Q. What is meant by divisional structure of an organization? State its any two disadvantages.	1 mark for
	Divisional structure is an organisation structure comprising of separate business units or divisions.	the meaning
	Disadvantages of divisional structure: (Any two) (i) Conflict may arise among different divisions with reference to allocation of funds.	+ 1 mark for each statement
	(ii) It may lead to <u>increase in costs</u> because there may be duplication of activities.	= 1 x 2 =
	(iii) Managers may misuse their authority ignoring organisational interests.	2 marks = 1+2
	(If an examinee has given only the heading, ½ mark for each heading should be awarded)	1+2 = 3 marks
10	Q. How do the 'market related factors' affect the choice of channels of distribution? Explain.	¹ ⁄ ₂ mark for the

distribution: (i) Size of the market (ii) Geographical con (iii) Quantity purchas	centration of potential buy sed.	vers.	heading + ½ mark for each explanation = 1 x 3 = 3marks
Q. Aarav was worki was producing wate produce 200 water p work goes on smoot To achieve this, he a He believes that rew upon the performan Identify and describ	r purifiers. The target of purifiers every day. His jo hly and there was no inte always gives orders and in yard or punishment both ace. be the leadership style bei	the company was to b was to make sure that erruption in production. nsists that they are obeyed. can be given depending	1 mark for identification + 1 mark for each point of
 An autocratic He does not g decision. He determine He does not g 	leader gives orders and i ive the subordinates any fi s the policies for the group ive information about futu	without consulting them. re plans but simply tells the	of description = 1 x 2 = 2 marks = 1+2 = 3 marks
basis of the following : (a)Participants (b) Instruments Ans. DISTINCTIO	N BETWEEN CAPITAL MARKET	MARKET AND MONEY	
Basis (a)Participants	CAPITAL MARKETThe participants in the capital market are — financial institutions, banks, public and private companies, foreign investors and	MONEY MARKET Participants in the money market are financial institutions, RBI, banks, public and private companies and individual investors.	1 ½ marks
	distribution: (i) Size of the market (ii) Geographical com (iii) Quantity purchas (If an examinee has deducted) Q. Aarav was worki was producing wate produce 200 water produce 2	distribution: (i) Size of the market (ii) Geographical concentration of potential buy (iii) Quantity purchased. (If an examinee has not given the headings, n deducted) Q. Aarav was working as a supervisor with ' was producing water purifiers. The target of produce 200 water purifiers every day. His jy work goes on smoothly and there was no inter To achieve this, he always gives orders and in He believes that reward or punishment both upon the performance. Identify and describe the leadership style bei Ans. Autocratic style of leadership. • An autocratic leader gives orders and i He does not give the subordinates any fi decision. • He determines the policies for the group He does not give information about futu group what immediate steps they must the Dasis of the following : (a)Participants (b) Instruments Ans. DISTINCTION BETWEEN CAPITAL MARKET (a)Participants The participants in the capital market are — financial institutions, banks, public and private companies, foreign <th>(i) Size of the market (ii) Geographical concentration of potential buyers. (iii) Quantity purchased. (If an examinee has not given the headings, no marks should be deducted) Q. Aarav was working as a supervisor with 'Neer Purifier Ltd.' which was producing water purifiers. The target of the company was to produce 200 water purifiers every day. His job was to make sure that work goes on smoothly and there was no interruption in production. To achieve this, he always gives orders and insists that they are obeyed. He believes that reward or punishment both can be given depending upon the performance. Identify and describe the leadership style being adopted by Aarav. Ans. Autocratic style of leadership. • An autocratic leader gives orders and insists that they are obeyed. He does not give the subordinates any freedom to influence his decision. • He determines the policies for the group without consulting them. He does not give information about future plans but simply tells the group what immediate steps they must take. Q. Distinguish between Capital Market and Money Market on the basis of the following : (a)Participants (b) Instruments Ans. DISTINCTION BETWEEN CAPITAL MARKET AND MONEY MARKET MARKET MarkET MarkET MarkET MarkET Market are — financial institutions, RBI, banks, public and private companies and invidual investors. </th>	(i) Size of the market (ii) Geographical concentration of potential buyers. (iii) Quantity purchased. (If an examinee has not given the headings, no marks should be deducted) Q. Aarav was working as a supervisor with 'Neer Purifier Ltd.' which was producing water purifiers. The target of the company was to produce 200 water purifiers every day. His job was to make sure that work goes on smoothly and there was no interruption in production. To achieve this, he always gives orders and insists that they are obeyed. He believes that reward or punishment both can be given depending upon the performance. Identify and describe the leadership style being adopted by Aarav. Ans. Autocratic style of leadership. • An autocratic leader gives orders and insists that they are obeyed. He does not give the subordinates any freedom to influence his decision. • He determines the policies for the group without consulting them. He does not give information about future plans but simply tells the group what immediate steps they must take. Q. Distinguish between Capital Market and Money Market on the basis of the following : (a)Participants (b) Instruments Ans. DISTINCTION BETWEEN CAPITAL MARKET AND MONEY MARKET MARKET MarkET MarkET MarkET MarkET Market are — financial institutions, RBI, banks, public and private companies and invidual investors.

	(b) Instruments	The main instruments traded in the capital market are — Equity Shares, Debentures, Preference Shares, Bonds etc.	The main instruments traded in the money market are Treasury Bills, Commercial Bills, Commercial Paper and Certificates of Deposit.	1 ¹ / ₂ marks = 1 ¹ / ₂ + 1 ¹ / ₂ = 3 marks
13	has approximately 15 the working environ very high. Therefore Manager, Naveen, to no free flow of comm employees to voice th rarely organises a so come, finish their wo (a) Identify the comm (b) State the category	50 employees and most o nent. Because of this the the company appoints a analyse the situation. Na	new Human Resource aveen finds that there is o suggestion box for the inces. The company g, the employees just ation. ssed above. barrier.	1 mark for identifying the barrier + ½ mark for naming the category of barrier + ½ mark for stating the category of the barrier +
	authority relationships	riers which are related org , rules and regulations. e same category are: (Any cy. ons.		(¹ / ₂ mark for naming another barrier + ¹ / ₂ mark for its explanation) = 1+1+1 = 3marks
14	management. Ans. Significance of p (i) They provide the m (ii) They help in <u>optim</u> associated with trial ar	nts that highlight the sign rinciples of management anagers with <u>useful insigh</u> <u>uum utilisation of resource</u> and error approach can be continued on the second	nts into reality. es as the wastages overcome.	1 mark for each statement = 1 x 4
	personal bias. (iv) They help in takin assessment of the situa	g <u>scientific decisions</u> which tion.		1 X 4 = 4 marks

	be modified according to the needs of the environment.	
	(vi) They help in fulfilling <u>social responsibility</u> by responding to the demands of the public.	
	(vii) They are used as a <u>basis for management training</u> , <u>education and</u> <u>research</u> by providing the basic groundwork for the development of management as a discipline.	
	(If an examinee has given only the heading, ½ mark for each heading should be awarded)	
15	Q. Explain the following rights of a consumer as provided under Consumer ' Protection Act, 1986 : (a) Right to Safety	
	(b)Right to Consumer Education	2 marks
	 Ans. (a) <u>Right to Safety</u> Right to be protected against goods and services which are hazardous to life and health. 	+
	 Right to get protection against the risks caused due to the use of substandard products or products that do not conform to the safety norms. 	2 marks
	 (b) <u>Right to consumer education.</u> The consumer has the right to acquire knowledge and to be a well informed consumer. 	= 2+2 = 4 marks
	 He should be aware about his rights and the reliefs available to him in case of a product or service is falling short of his expectations. 	7 mai ks
16	Q. Harsh started a company 'Tiny-Toys Ltd.' to manufacture economical toys for the Indian rural market, with 20 employees. The company did very well in its initial years. As the products were good and marketed well, the demand of its products went up. To increase the production the company decided to recruit additional employees. Harsh who was earlier taking all decisions for the company had to selectively disperse the authority. He believed that subordinates are competent, capable and resourceful and can assume responsibility for effective implementation of their decisions. This paid off and the	
	 company was not only able to increase its production but also expanded its product range with different features. (a) Identify the concept used by Harsh through which he was able to steer his company to greater heights. (b) Also explain any three points of the importance of this concept. 	1 mark for identifying the concept
	expanded its product range with different features. (a) Identify the concept used by Harsh through which he was able to steer his company to greater heights.	identifying the
	expanded its product range with different features. (a) Identify the concept used by Harsh through which he was able to steer his company to greater heights. (b) Also explain any three points of the importance of this concept.	identifying the concept

	(iv) Relief to top management.	for its explanation)
	(v) Facilitates growth.(vi) Better control.	= 1 x 3
	(if an examinee has not given the headings as above but has given the correct explanation, full credit should be given)	= 3 marks =
	(IF THE CONCEPT IS WRONGLY IDENTIFIED BUT THE POINTS OF IMPORTANCE ARE CORRECT, DUE CREDIT BE GIVEN)	1+3 = 4 marks
17	Q. The workers of 'Swastik Ltd.' are unable to work on new computerized machines imported by the company to fulfill the increased demand.Therefore the workers are seeking extra guidance from the supervisor and the supervisor is overburdened with the frequent calls of workers.Suggest how the supervisor, by increasing the skills and knowledge of workers, can make them handle their work independently.	
	Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor.	1 mark
	Ans. Training of employees/ Vestibule training/ On the job training.	+
	Benefits the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor: (Any three)	1 mark for each statement =
	(a) It helps in <u>promotion and career growth</u> due to improved skills and knowledge.	1 x 3
	(b) It helps him to earn more due to improved performance.	3 marks
	(c) It <u>reduces accidents</u> as the employees are more efficient to handle machines.	= 1+3 =
	(d) It <u>increases the morale</u> of the employees as the employees are more satisfied.	4 marks
	(If an examinee has given only the heading, ½ mark for each heading should be awarded)	
18	Q. 'Adharshila Vidyalaya' believes in holistic development of students and encourages team building through a mix of curricular, co- curricular and sports activities. On its Founders' Day a stage performance had to be put up. A committee of ten prefects was constituted to plan different aspects of the function. They all decided to use recycled paper for decoration. As there was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other with mutual trust and belongingness, the programme was systematically planned and executed. Arvind, one of the prefects,	

 realized that unknowingly the group had applied one of the principles of management while planning and executing the programme. He was so inspired by the success of the function, that he asked his father to apply the same principle in his business. His father replied that he was already using this principle. (a) Identify the principle of management applied for the success of the programme. (b) State any two features of management highlighted in the above paragraph. (c) Identify any two values which 'Adharshila Vidyalaya' communicated to the society. 	
Ans. (a) Principle of management - Espirit de corps.	1 mark for
(b) <u>Features of management</u> : (Any two)	identifying the
(i) MANAGEMENT IS PERVASIVE.	principle
<i>`he asked his father to apply the same principle in his business'.</i>	
Management is pervasive as it can be applied to all types/ levels of organisations.	
(ii) MANAGEMENT IS A GROUP ACTIVITY	+
'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other.	
Management is a group activity because it requires team work and/or coordination of individual efforts.	
(iii) MANAGEMENT IS GOAL ORIENTED.	¹ / ₂ mark for stating each feature
<i>`the programme was systematically planned and executed'.</i>	(¹ / ₂ x 2)
Management is goal oriented as it unites the efforts of different individuals towards achieving organisational goals.	= 1 mark
(iv) MANAGEMENT IS MULTI-DIMENSIONAL	
"programme was systematically planned and executed".	
OR 'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other'.	+
Management is multi-dimensional as it involves management of work, people and operations.	
(v) MANAGEMENT IS INTANGIBLE	

	'With mutual trust and belongingness'. OR 'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other'.	
	Management is intangible as it cannot be seen but its presence can be felt in the way the organisation functions.	
	 (IF AN EXAMINEE HAS IDENTIFIED THE FEATURE OF MANAGEMENT CORRECTLY, FULL CREDIT BE GIVEN FOR EITHER QUOTING THE LINE OR GIVING THE STATEMENT) (c) <u>Values being communicated to the society: (Any two)</u> (i) Concern for the environment. 	1 mark for each value = (1 x 2) = 2 marks =
	 (ii) Holistic development of children. (iii) Teamwork (or any other correct value) 	1+1+2 = 4 marks
19	 Q. 'Zaira Ltd.' is a large and creditworthy company manufacturing air-conditioned buses for the Indian market. It now wants to export these buses to other countries and decides to invest in new hi-tech machines. Since the investment is large, it requires long-term finance. It decides to raise funds by issuing equity shares. The issue of equity shares involves huge floatation cost. To meet the expenses of floatation cost, the company decides to tap the money market. (a) Name and explain the money market instrument the company can use for the above purpose. (b) What is the duration for which the company can get funds through this instrument? (c) State any other purpose for which this instrument can be used. Ans. (a) Commercial Paper. It is an instrument issued by large and creditworthy companies to raise short term funds at lower rates of interest than the market rates. It is an unsecured, negotiable promissory note with a fixed maturity period. (b) 15 days to one year. (c) It can also be used for seasonal and working capital needs. 	1 mark for naming the instrument + 1 mark for its explanation + 1 mark for duration + 1 mark for any other purpose = 1+1+1+1 = 4 marks
20	Q. Give the meaning of 'Formal Organisation'. State its any four advantages.	1 mark for
	Ans. <u>Formal organisation</u> refers to the organisation structure which is designed by the management to accomplish its objectives.	the meaning
	Advantages: (Any four)	+

	(a) It is <u>easier to fix responsibility</u> since mutual relationships are clearly defined.	1 mark for each statement =
	(b) It <u>avoids duplication of effort</u> since there is no ambiguity in the role that each member has to play.	1 x 4 =
	(c) It <u>maintains unity of command</u> through an established chain of command.	4 marks = 1+4
	(d) It leads to <u>accomplishment of goals</u> by providing a framework for the operations to be performed.	= 5 marks
	(e) It <u>provides stability</u> to the organisation because there are specific rules to guide behaviour of employees.	
	(If an examinee has given only the headings, ½ mark for each heading should be awarded)	
21	 Q. Kavya had been working with 'Reliable Ltd.' for the last ten years. She was famous for her dedication towards the work. When the manager senior to her retired, all her colleagues thought that now Kavya would be promoted. But to everyone's surprise the vacant post was filled by an outsider 'Miss Garima'. Because of this, Kavya felt demoralised and her performance started declining. She would absent herself often and could not meet her targets. Miss Garima was a good leader who would not only instruct her subordinates but also guide and inspire them. She noticed Kavya's behaviour and felt that her performance could be improved. She started involving Kavya in decision-making issues related to the organization and made her a member of a high-level joint management committee. Kavya was now punctual to office and her performance started (a) Identify the function of management being performed by Garima. (b) Name the element of the above function of management which helped Garima to improve Kavya's behaviour. (c) State any three features of the element identified in (b) above. 	1 mark for identifying the function + 1 mark for identifying the element =
	(a) Directing.(b) Motivation.	+ 1 mark for each feature
	 (c) <u>Features of motivation</u>: (Any three) (a) It is an internal feeling. 	= (1 x 3) = 3 marks
	(b) It produces goal directed behaviour.(c) It can be positive or negative.(d) It is a complex process.	1+1+3

22	 Q. A company was manufacturing solar panels for charging of mobiles which were in great demand. It was found that the target of producing 500 solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional workers were required out of which 6 would work as heads of different departments and 10 would work as subordinates under each head. The required qualifications and job specifications were also enlisted. It was also decided that necessary relaxation should be given to encourage women, persons from backward and rural areas and persons with special abilities to assume responsible positions in the organisation. All efforts were made to match the ability of the applicants with the nature of work. (a) Identify the functions of management discussed above. (b) State the two steps in the process of each function discussed in the above para. (c) List any two values which the company wants to communicate to the society. 	(¹ / ₂ mark for identifying each function = ¹ / ₂ x 2 =
	Ans. (a) Staffing and controlling.	1 mark)
	(b) Steps in Staffing:	+
	(i) <u>Estimating manpower requirements</u> which involves knowing how many persons are needed and of what type.	(½ mark for identifying each step
	'To meet the increased demand, the company assessed that subordinates under each head'.	+ ½ mark for either quoting the line OR
	(ii) <u>Recruitment</u> which involves searching for prospective employees and stimulating them to apply for jobs in the organisation.	stating the step =
	(IF AN EXAMINEE HAS ONLY IDENTIFIED ' <u>ESTIMATING</u> <u>MANPOWER REQUIREMENTS'</u> AS A STEP IN THE STAFFING PROCESS, FULL CREDIT IS TO BE GIVEN)	¹ /2 x 4 = 2 marks) + (1 mark for each
	Steps in controlling: (Any two)	value =
	(i) <u>Comparison of actual performance with the standards</u> which would reveal the deviation between actual and desired results.	1 x 2 =
	'It was found that the target of producing 300 bulbs a day was not met by the employees'.	2 marks) = 1+2+2 =
	(ii) <u>Analysing deviations</u> which would help to find out the causes of deviation.	5 marks

	On analysis, it was found that the workers were not at faultalternative arrangements were needed.	
	(iii) <u>Taking corrective action</u> , if required.	
	To meet the increased demand, the company assessed that approximatelyas subordinates under each head.	
	(If an examinee has given all the steps of the process, ½ mark may be deducted)	
	(c) <u>Values which the company wants to communicate to the society</u> : (Any <u>two)</u>	
	(i) Using environment friendly methods of production.	
	(ii) Women empowerment.	
	(iii) Upliftment of underprivileged sections of the society.	
	(or any other correct value)	
23	Q. Explain the following principles of management :(a) Harmony, not discord(b) Discipline.	
	Ans. (a) <u>Harmony</u> , Not Discord	
	 The principle emphasises that there should be complete harmony between the management and the workers. This requires 'Mental revolution' on the part of both management and 	1 x 3 =
	workers. Both management and the workers should transform their thinking.	3 marks
	 Management should share gains of the company if any with the workers and workers should work hard and be wiling to embrace change for the good of the company. 	+
	good of the company.	1 x 3
	(b) Discipline	=
		3 marks
	 It is the obedience to organizational rules and employment agreement 	=
	which are necessary for the working of the organization.	3+3
	 It requires good superiors at all levels, clear and fair agreement and 	=
	judicious application of penalties.	6 marks
	 Workers and management both should honour their commitments towards one another without prejudice. 	
24	Q.' Silkiya Ltd.' is a company manufacturing silk cloth. It has been consistently earning good profits for many years. This year too, it has been able to generate enough profits. There is availability of enough cash in the company and good prospects for growth in future. It is a well-managed organisation and believes in quality, equal employment	

	opportunities and good remuneration practices. It has many shareholders who prefer to receive a regular income from their investments. It has taken a loan of Rs.60 lakhs from SBI Bank and is bound by certain restrictions on the payment of dividend according to the terms of the loan agreement. The above discussion about the company leads to various factors which decide how much profit should be retained and how much has to be distributed by the company. Quoting the lines from the above discussion, identify and explain any four such factors.	
	Ans. Factors affecting dividend decision: (Any four)	
	(i) <u>Stability of earnings</u>	¹ / ₂ mark for
	'It has been consistently earning good profits for many years'.	identifying the factor
	Stability of earnings affects dividend decision as a company having stable earnings is in a position to declare higher dividends.	+ ½ mark for quoting the line +
	(ii) <u>Cash Flow position</u>	¹ / ₂ mark for explanation
	'There is availability of enough cash in the company'.	$= 1\frac{1}{2} \times 4$
	A good cash flow position is necessary for declaration of dividend.	= 6 marks
	(iii) Growth Prospects	U marks
	'Good prospects for growth in the future'.	
	If a company has good growth opportunities, it pays out less dividend.	
	(iv) Shareholders' preference	
	'It has many shareholders who prefer to receive regular income from their investments'.	
	Shareholder's preference is kept in mind by the management before declaring dividends.	
	(v) <u>Contractual constraints</u>	
	'It has taken a loan of Rs.60 Lakhs from SBI Bank andagreement'	
	While taking dividend decision, companies keep in mind the restrictions imposed by the lenders in the loan agreement.	
25	Q. Vasvi was a student of Commerce in class XII. Her father was a farmer, who grew different varieties of wheat and was well versed	

about various aspects of wheat cultivation. He was also selected by the government for a pilot-project on wheat cultivation. As a project she decided to study the feasibility of marketing good quality wheat at reasonable price. Her father suggested to her to use internet to gather customers' views and opinions. She found that there was a huge demand for organic-packed wheat. She knew that there were no pre- determined specifications in case of wheat, because of which it would be difficult to achieve uniformity in the output. To differentiate the product from its competitors, she gave it the name of 'Mahan-organic-wheat' and classified it into three different varieties namely - Popular, Classic and Supreme, based on the quality. She felt that these names would help her in product differentiation. Explain the three functions of marketing, with reference to the above paragraph.	
Ans. Functions of marketing, with reference to the above paragraph are:	
(i) Gathering and analysing market information.	
" use internet to gather customers' views and opinions."	
(ii) Standardisation and Grading/ Grading.	1 mark for namin the function
"no pre-determined specifications in case of wheat because of which it would be difficult to achieve uniformity in the output." OR	+ ⅓ mark for quotin the line
'classified it into three different varieties namely – Popular, Classic and Supreme, based on the quality'.	+ ½ mark
(iii) Branding.	for its explanatio =
'To differentiate the product from its competitors, she gave it the name of 'Mahan Organic Wheat'.' OR	2 x 3 = 6 marks
She felt that these names would help her in product differentiation.	
(IF AN EXAMINEE HAS IDENTIFED THE FUNCTIONS CORRECTLY AND HAS GIVEN THE EXPLANATION WITHOUT QUOTING THE LINES FROM THE ABOVE PARA, FULL CREDIT IS TO BE GIVEN)	

	MARKING SCHEME-2014-15	DICTDI
66/1/2	BUSINESS STUDIES DELHI-66/1/2	DISTRI- BUTION
JU/ 1 <i>/ 2</i>	EXPECTED ANSWERS / VALUE POINTS	OF MARKS
1	 Q. 'Reliable Transport Services Ltd.' specialises in transporting fruits and vegetables. It has a good reputation in the market as it delivers the fruits and vegetables at the right time and at the right place. State with reason whether the working capital requirements of 'Reliable Transport Services' will be high or low. Ans. Low, as it is a service industry, which usually do not have to maintain inventory. 	¹ / ₂ mark for identification + ¹ / ₂ mark for reason = ¹ / ₂ + ¹ / ₂ = 1 mark
2	 Q. 'Glow and Shine Ltd.' is a famous beauty brand offering organic beauty products for men and women. The company uses plant-based material for its products and is the No. 1 beauty brand in the country. It not only satisfies its customers but also believes in overall protection of the planet. Identify the marketing management philosophy being followed 'Glow and Shine Ltd.' Ans. Societal marketing concept. 	1 mark
3	Q. Pankaj purchased a car from 'Abhishek Motors' for Rs. 50 lakhs. The company offered many attractive gifts to Pankaj like - free insurance for first two years, free pick-up and drop facilities for free servicing upto 20,000 km, etc. But after a few days Pankaj noticed that the pick-up of the car was not good and there was some problems in the engine. The company serviced the car free of cost but even then Pankaj was not satisfied with its performance. 'Abhishek Motors' is not giving him the due response. So he filed a complaint in the State Commission but was not satisfied with its decision also. He was very much disturbed and after two months decided to appeal against it. Can Pankaj appeal against the decision of the State Commission? Give reason in support of your answer. Ans. No, Pankaj cannot appeal now as the appeal has to be filed within 30 days of passing of the order by the State Commission.	¹ / ₂ + ¹ / ₂ = 1 mark
4	Q. Why is it said that principles of management are mainly behavioural in nature?	1 mark
	Ans. Principles of management are mainly behavioural in nature as they aim at influencing behaviour of human beings.	

5	 Q. 'Bawa Cycles' was in the business of manufacturing racing-cycles and had a monopoly in the market. The business was doing very well and the company was consistently meeting its objective of 10% increase in sales every year. Encouraged by the good track record, the Managing Director of the company kept an ambitious target of 15% increase in sales for the next year. The same year two competitors also entered the market and because of this the company was not able to meet its target. Identify the limitation of one of the functions of management because of which the company was not able to achieve its target. Ans. Planning may not work in a dynamic environment. 	1 mark
6	 Q. How do 'Floatation costs' affect the choice of capital structure of a company? State. Ans .'Floatation costs' affect the choice of capital structure of a company as higher the floatation costs, less attractive the source of finance. 	1 mark
7	Q. What is meant by 'Liberalisation'?Ans. Liberalisation means removal of unnecessary controls and restrictions on business.	1 mark
8	Q. Give the meaning of 'Rule' as a type of plan.Ans. A Rule is a specific statement that informs what is to be done and not to be done.	1 mark
9	Q. What is meant by 'functional structure' of an organization? State its any two advantages.	
	Ans. Functional structure is an organisational structure formed by grouping of jobs of similar nature under functions and organising these major functions as separate departments like production, finance etc.	1 mark for
	 <u>Advantages:</u> (any two) (a) It leads to <u>occupational specialisation</u> since emphasis is placed on specific functions. 	the meaning +
	(b) It promotes <u>control and coordination</u> within a department because of similarity in the tasks being performed.	1 mark for each statement
	(c) It increases <u>managerial and operational efficiency.</u>(d) It lowers cost as it reduces duplication of effort.	= 1 x 2 =
	 (d) It <u>lowers cost</u> as it reduces duplication of effort. (e) It makes <u>training of employees easier</u> as it focuses on a limited range of 	= 2 marks =

		erent <u>functions get due attent</u>		3 marks
10	Q. Distinguish betwee the following : (a)Participants (b) Instruments	een Capital Market and Mo	ney Market on the basis of	
	Ans. DISTINCTI	ON BETWEEN CAPITAL N	ARKET AND MONEY	
	Basis	MARKET CAPITAL	MONEY MARKET	
	(a)Participants	MARKETThe participants in the capital market are — financial institutions, banks, public and private companies,	Participants in the money market are financial institutions, RBI, banks, public and private companies and individual	1 ½ marks
		foreign investors and ordinary retail investors from the public.	investors.	+ 1 ½ marks
	(b) Instruments	The main instruments traded in the capital market are — Equity Shares, Debentures, Preference Shares, Bonds etc.	The main instruments traded in the money market are Treasury Bills, Commercial Bills, Commercial Paper and Certificates of Deposit.	$= 1 \frac{1}{2} + 1 \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks}$
11	approximately 150 e working environmen high. Therefore the Naveen, to analyse t communication, and their suggestions or cultural gathering, t the organisation. (a) Identify the comm	nufacturing breads and bisc employees and most of them nt. Because of this the labou company appoints a new Hu he situation. Naveen finds th l there is no suggestion box grievances. The company ra he employees just come, fin munication barrier discusse y of this communication ba	are not happy with the r turnover rate is very uman Resource Manager, hat there is no free flow of for the employees to voice arely organises a social or ish their work and leave	1 mark for identifying th barrier + ½ mark for naming the category of barrier + ½ mark for stating the
	. ,	r communication barrier of		category of the barrier +
				(½ mark for

	relationships, rules and regulations.	barrier
	 (c) <u>Other barriers in the same category are</u>: (Any one) (i) Organisational policy. (ii) Rules and regulations. (iii) Status. 	+ ½ mark for its explanation)
	(iv) Complexity in organisational structure.	 1+1+1
		3marks
12	 Q. How do the 'market related factors' affect the choice of channels of distribution? Explain. Ans. Market related factors which affect the choice of channels of distribution: (i) Size of the market (ii) Geographical concentration of potential buyers. (iii) Quantity purchased. 	¹ / ₂ mark for the heading + ¹ / ₂ mark for each explanation = 1 x 3 =
	(If an examinee has not given the headings, no marks should be deducted)	3marks
13	Q. Aarav was working as a supervisor with 'Neer Purifier Ltd.' which was producing water purifiers. The target of the company was to produce 200 water purifiers every day. His job was to make sure that work goes on smoothly and there was no interruption in production. To achieve this, he always gives orders and insists that they are obeyed. He believes that reward or punishment both can be given depending upon the	1 mark for identification + 1 mark for each
	 performance. Identify and describe the leadership style being adopted by Aarav. Ans. Autocratic style of leadership. An autocratic leader gives orders and insists that they are obeyed. He does not give the subordinates any freedom to influence his decision. He determines the policies for the group without consulting them. He does not give information about future plans but simply tells the group what immediate steps they must take. 	point of description = 1 x 2 = 2 marks = 1+2 = 3 marks
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14	 Identify and describe the leadership style being adopted by Aarav. Ans. Autocratic style of leadership. An autocratic leader gives orders and insists that they are obeyed. He does not give the subordinates any freedom to influence his decision. He determines the policies for the group without consulting them. He does not give information about future plans but simply tells the group what immediate steps they must take. Q. State any four points which highlight the importance of management. Ans. Importance of management: (Any four) (i) It helps in achieving group goals by giving a common direction to 	of description = 1 x 2 = 2 marks = 1+2 = 3 marks 1 mark for each

		_
	(iv) It helps in <u>achieving personal objectives</u> by motivating and leading in such a way that both personal goals and organisational objectives are accomplished.	4 marks
	(v) Management helps in the development of society by providing good quality products and services, creating <u>employment</u> and adopting <u>new technology etc.</u>	
	(If an examinee has given only the heading, ½ mark for each heading should be awarded)	
15	Q. Explain the following rights of a consumer as provided under Consumers Protection Act, 1986: (a) Right to choose	
	(b) Right to seek redressal.	
	 (a) <u>Right to choose</u> The consumer has the freedom to choose from a variety of products at competitive prices. Marketers should offer a wide variety of products in terms of quality, price, size etc. to enable the consumer to make the choice. 	2 marks +
	 (b) <u>Right to seek redressal:</u> The consumer has a right to get relief in case the product or service falls short of his expectations. The Consumer Protection Act provides relief to customers such as replacement of product, removal of defect in the product, compensation for any loss or injury suffered by the consumer. 	2 marks = 4 marks
16	Q. 'Zaira Ltd.' is a large and creditworthy company manufacturing air- conditioned buses for the Indian market. It now wants to export these buses to other countries and decides to invest in new hi-tech machines. Since the investment is large, it requires long-term finance. It decides to raise funds by issuing equity shares. The issue of equity shares involves huge floatation cost. To meet the expenses of floatation cost, the company decides to tap the money market.	1 mark for
	 (a) Name and explain the money market instrument the company can use for the above purpose. (b) What is the duration for which the company can get funds through this instrument ? (c) State any other purpose for which this instrument can be used. 	naming the instrument + 1 mark for its explanation +
	Ans. (a) <u>Commercial Paper.</u> It is an instrument issued by large and creditworthy companies to raise short term funds at lower rates of interest than the market rates. It is an unsecured, negotiable promissory note with a fixed maturity period.	+ 1 mark for duration + 1 mark for any other purpose
	(b) 15 days to one year.	=

	(c) It can also be used for seasonal and working capital needs.	= 4 marks
17	 Q. 'Adharshila Vidyalaya' believes in holistic development of students and encourages team building through a mix of curricular, co-curricular and sports activities. On its Founders' Day a stage performance had to be put up. A committee of ten prefects was constituted to plan different aspects of the function. They all decided to use recycled paper for decoration. As there was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other with mutual trust and belongingness, the programme was systematically planned and executed. Arvind, one of the prefects, realized that unknowingly the group had applied one of the principles of management while planning and executing the programme. He was so inspired by the success of the function, that he asked his father to apply the same principle in his business. His father replied that he was already using this principle. (a) Identify the principle of management applied for the success of the programme. (b) State any two features of management highlighted in the above paragraph. (c) Identify any two values which 'Adharshila Vidyalaya' communicated to the society. 	
	Ans. (a) Principle of management - Espirit de corps.	1 month for
	(b) <u>Features of management</u> : (Any two)	1 mark for identifying the principle
	(i) MANAGEMENT IS PERVASIVE.	
	<i>`he asked his father to apply the same principle in his business'.</i>	
	Management is pervasive as it can be applied to all types/ levels of organisations.	
	(ii) MANAGEMENT IS A GROUP ACTIVITY	+
	'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other.	
	Management is a group activity because it requires team work and/or coordination of individual efforts.	
	(iii) MANAGEMENT IS GOAL ORIENTED.	½ mark for
	<i>`the programme was systematically planned and executed'.</i>	stating each feature —
		= (¹ / ₂ x 2)
	Management is goal oriented as it unites the efforts of different individuals towards achieving organisational goals.	(72×2) = 1 mark

'programme was systematically planned and executed'. OR 'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other'.	
Management is multi-dimensional as it involves management of work, people and operations.	+
(v) MANAGEMENT IS INTANGIBLE	
<i>With mutual trust and belongingness'.</i> <i>OR</i>	
'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other'.	
Management is intangible as it cannot be seen but its presence can be felt in the way the organisation functions.	
(IF AN EXAMINEE HAS IDENTIFIED THE FEATURE OF MANAGEMENT CORRECTLY, FULL CREDIT BE GIVEN FOR EITHER QUOTING THE LINE OR GIVING THE STATEMENT)	1 mark for each value = (1 x 2)
(c) <u>Values being communicated to the society</u> : (Any two)	= 2 marks
(i) Concern for the environment.(ii) Holistic development of children.(iii) Teamwork	= 1+1+2 = 4 marks
(or any other correct value)	
Q. The workers of 'Swastik Ltd.' are unable to work on new computerized machines imported by the company to fulfil the increased demand. Therefore the workers are seeking extra guidance from the supervisor and the supervisor is overburdened with the frequent calls of workers.Suggest how the supervisor, by increasing the skills and knowledge of workers, can make them handle their work independently.	
Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor.	
Ans. <u>Training of employees</u> / <u>Vestibule training</u> / <u>On the job training</u> .	1 mark +
Benefits the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor: (Any three)	1 mark for each
(a) It helps in <u>promotion and career growth</u> due to improved skills and knowledge.	statement
(b) It helps him to earn more due to improved performance.	1 x 3

		=
	(c) It <u>reduces accidents</u> as the employees are more efficient to handle machines.	3 marks =
		1+3 =
	(d) It <u>increases the morale</u> of the employees as the employees are more satisfied.	4 marks
	(If an examinee has given only the heading, ½ mark for each heading should be awarded)	
19	 Q. Harsh started a company 'Tiny-Toys Ltd.' to manufacture economical toys for the Indian rural market, with 20 employees. The company did very well in its initial years. As the products were good and marketed well, the demand of its products went up. To increase the production the company decided to recruit additional employees. Harsh who was earlier taking all decisions for the company had to selectively disperse the authority. He believed that subordinates are competent, capable and resourceful and can assume responsibility for effective implementation of their decisions. This paid off and the company was not only able to increase its production but also expanded its product range with different features. (a) Identify the concept used by Harsh through which he was able to steer his company to greater heights. (b) Also explain any three points of the importance of this concept. Ans. (a) Decentralisation. (b) Importance of decentralisation: (Any three) (i) Develops managerial talent for the future. (ii) Quick decision making. (iv) Relief to top management. (v) Facilitates growth. (vi) Better control. 	1 mark for identifying the concept + (½ mark for the heading + ½ mark for its explanation) = 1 x 3 = 3 marks
	(if an examinee has not given the headings as above but has given the correct explanation, full credit should be given)	= 1+3 =
	(IF THE CONCEPT IS WRONGLY IDENTIFIED BUT THE POINTS OF IMPORTANCE ARE CORRECT, DUE CREDIT BE GIVEN)	4 marks
20	Q. Give the meaning of 'Informal Organisation'. State its any two advantages and any two disadvantages.	
	Ans. <u>Informal organisation</u> is a network of personal and social relations within the formal organisation arising spontaneously as people associate with one another.	
	Advantages of informal organisation: (Any two)	
		1 mark for the

(i) It leads to <u>faster spread of information</u> as well as a quick feedback.	meaning +
(ii) It fulfills the social needs of the members.	1 mark for each advantage
(iii) It contributes towards fulfillment of organisational objectives by <u>compensating for inadequacies in the formal organisation</u> .	= 1 x 2 =
Disadvantages of informal organisation: (Any two)	2 marks +
(i) It may <u>spread rumours</u> which may work against the interest of the formal organisation.	1 mark for eacl disadvantage –
(ii) It may <u>resist changes</u> which may delay or restrict growth.	1 x 2
(ii) It <u>pressurizes members</u> to conform to group expectations.	2 marks
(If an examinee has given only the heading, ¹ / ₂ mark for each heading should be awarded)	1+2+2
should be awarded)	5 marks
which were in great demand. It was found that the target of producing 500 solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional	
solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional workers were required out of which 6 would work as heads of different departments and 10 would work as subordinates under each head. The required qualifications and job specifications were also enlisted. It was also decided that necessary relaxation should be given to encourage women, persons from backward and rural areas and persons with special abilities to assume responsible positions in the organisation. All efforts were made to match the ability of the applicants with the nature of work. (a) Identify the functions of management discussed above.	
solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional workers were required out of which 6 would work as heads of different departments and 10 would work as subordinates under each head. The required qualifications and job specifications were also enlisted. It was also decided that necessary relaxation should be given to encourage women, persons from backward and rural areas and persons with special abilities to assume responsible positions in the organisation. All efforts were made to match the ability of the applicants with the nature of work.	function =
 solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional workers were required out of which 6 would work as heads of different departments and 10 would work as subordinates under each head. The required qualifications and job specifications were also enlisted. It was also decided that necessary relaxation should be given to encourage women, persons from backward and rural areas and persons with special abilities to assume responsible positions in the organisation. All efforts were made to match the ability of the applicants with the nature of work. (a) Identify the functions of management discussed above. (b) State the two steps in the process of each function discussed in the above para. (c) List any two values which the company wants to communicate to the 	identifying each function = ½ x 2 =
solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional workers were required out of which 6 would work as heads of different departments and 10 would work as subordinates under each head. The required qualifications and job specifications were also enlisted. It was also decided that necessary relaxation should be given to encourage women, persons from backward and rural areas and persons with special abilities to assume responsible positions in the organisation. All efforts were made to match the ability of the applicants with the nature of work. (a) Identify the functions of management discussed above. (b) State the two steps in the process of each function discussed in the above para. (c) List any two values which the company wants to communicate to the society.	identifying each function = ¹ / ₂ x 2 = 1 mark)
solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional workers were required out of which 6 would work as heads of different departments and 10 would work as subordinates under each head. The required qualifications and job specifications were also enlisted. It was also decided that necessary relaxation should be given to encourage women, persons from backward and rural areas and persons with special abilities to assume responsible positions in the organisation. All efforts were made to match the ability of the applicants with the nature of work. (a) Identify the functions of management discussed above. (b) State the two steps in the process of each function discussed in the above para. (c) List any two values which the company wants to communicate to the society. Ans. (a) Staffing and controlling.	identifying each function = ¹ / ₂ x 2 = 1 mark) + (¹ / ₂ mark for
 solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional workers were required out of which 6 would work as heads of different departments and 10 would work as subordinates under each head. The required qualifications and job specifications were also enlisted. It was also decided that necessary relaxation should be given to encourage women, persons from backward and rural areas and persons with special abilities to assume responsible positions in the organisation. All efforts were made to match the ability of the applicants with the nature of work. (a) Identify the functions of management discussed above. (b) State the two steps in the process of each function discussed in the above para. (c) List any two values which the company wants to communicate to the society. Ans. (a) Staffing and controlling. (b) Steps in Staffing: (i) Estimating manpower requirements which involves knowing how many 	identifying each function = ½ x 2 = 1 mark) +

 (ii) <u>Recruitment</u> which involves searching for prospective employees and stimulating them to apply for jobs in the organisation. (IF AN EXAMINEE HAS ONLY IDENTIFIED 'ESTIMATING MANPOWER REQUIREMENTS' AS A STEP IN THE STAFFING PROCESS, FULL CREDIT IS TO BE GIVEN) Steps in controlling: (Any two) (i) <u>Comparison of actual performance with the standards</u> which would reveal the deviation between actual and desired results. 'It was found that the target of producing 300 bulbs a day was not met by the employees'. (ii) <u>Analysing deviations</u> which would help to find out the causes of deviation. On analysis, it was found that the workers were not at faultalternative arrangements were needed. (iii) <u>Taking corrective action</u>, if required. To meet the increased demand, the company assessed that approximatelyas subordinates under each head. (If an examinee has given all the steps of the process, ½ mark may be deducted) 	either quoting the line OR stating the step = 1½ x 4 = 2 marks) + (1 mark for each value = 1 x 2 = 2 marks) = 1+2+2 = 5 marks
 (c) <u>Values which the company wants to communicate to the society</u>: (Any <u>two</u>) (i) Using environment friendly methods of production. (ii) Women empowerment. (iii) Upliftment of underprivileged sections of the society. 	
(or any other correct value)	
 Q. Kavya had been working with 'Reliable Ltd.' for the last ten years. She was famous for her dedication towards the work. When the manager senior to her retired, all her colleagues thought that now Kavya would be promoted. But to everyone's surprise the vacant post was filled by an outsider 'Miss Garima'. Because of this, Kavya felt demoralised and her performance started declining. She would absent herself often and could not meet her targets. Miss Garima was a good leader who would not only instruct her subordinates but also guide and inspire them. She noticed Kavya's behaviour and felt that her performance could be improved. She started involving Kavya in decision-making issues related to the organization and 	

	 made her a member of a high-level joint management committee. Kavya was now punctual to office and her performance started (a) Identify the function of management being performed by Garima. (b) Name the element of the above function of management which helped Garima to improve Kavya's behaviour. (c) State any three features of the element identified in (b) above. (a) Directing. (b) Motivation. (c) Features of motivation: (Any three) (a) It is an internal feeling. (b) It produces goal directed behaviour. (c) It can be positive or negative. (d) It is a complex process. (If an examinee has identified the element in part (b) as non financial incentive, full credit is to be given) 	1 mark for identifying the function + 1 mark for identifying the element = + 1 mark for each feature = (1 x 3) = 3 marks = 1+1+3 = 5 marks
23	 Q. Explain the following principles of management: (a) Authority and Responsibility. (b) Development of Each and Every Person to His or Her Greatest Efficiency. Ans. (a) <u>Authority and Responsibility</u> Meaning: There should be a balance between authority and responsibility. An organisation should build safeguards against abuse of managerial power. At the same time, the manager should have the necessary authority to carry out his responsibility. The manager should have the right to punish a subordinate for not obeying orders but only after sufficient opportunity has been given to a subordinate for presenting his /her case. 	1 x 3 = 3 marks
	 (Any two points from the above points along with the meaning) (b) Development of Each and Every Person to His or Her Greatest Efficiency This principle is concerned with efficiency of employees which could be built in right from the process of employee selection. The work assigned to employees should suit their capabilities. They should be given the required training to increase their efficiency. Efficient employees would produce more and earn more. This will ensure their greatest efficiency and prosperity for both the company and the workers. 	+ 1 x 3 = 3 marks 3+3 = 6 marks
24	Q. Vasvi was a student of Commerce in class XII. Her father was a farmer, who grew different varieties of wheat and was well versed about various aspects of wheat cultivation. He was also selected by the government for a pilot-project on wheat cultivation. As a project she	

	decided to study the feasibility of marketing good quality wheat at reasonable price. Her father suggested to her to use internet to gather customers' views and opinions. She found that there was a huge demand for organic-packed wheat. She knew that there were no pre-determined specifications in case of wheat, because of which it would be difficult to achieve uniformity in the output. To differentiate the product from its competitors, she gave it the name of 'Mahan-organic-wheat' and classified it into three different varieties namely - Popular, Classic and Supreme, based on the quality. She felt that these names would help her in product differentiation. Explain the three functions of marketing, with reference to the above paragraph.	
	Ans. Functions of marketing, with reference to the above paragraph are:	
	(i) Gathering and analysing market information.	
	" use internet to gather customers' views and opinions."	
	(ii) Standardisation and Grading/ Grading.	1 mark for
	"no pre-determined specifications in case of wheat because of which it would be difficult to achieve uniformity in the output." OR	naming the function +
	<i>`classified it into three different varieties namely – Popular, Classic and Supreme, based on the quality'.</i>	½ mark for quoting the line
	(iii) Branding.	+ ½ mark
	'To differentiate the product from its competitors, she gave it the name of 'Mahan Organic Wheat'.' OR	for its explanation =
	She felt that these names would help her in product differentiation.	2 x 3
	(IF AN EXAMINEE HAS IDENTIFED THE FUNCTIONS CORRECTLY AND HAS GIVEN THE EXPLANATION WITHOUT QUOTING THE LINES FROM THE ABOVE PARA, FULL CREDIT IS TO BE GIVEN)	6 marks
25	Q.' Silkiya Ltd.' is a company manufacturing silk cloth. It has been consistently earning good profits for many years. This year too, it has been able to generate enough profits. There is availability of enough cash in the company and good prospects for growth in future. It is a well-managed organisation and believes in quality, equal employment opportunities and good remuneration practices. It has many shareholders who prefer to receive a regular income from their investments. It has taken a loan of Rs.60 lakhs from SBI Bank and is bound by certain restrictions on the payment of dividend according to the terms of the loan agreement. The above discussion about the company leads to various factors which	

di Qu	ecide how much profit should be retained and how much has to be stributed by the company. uoting the lines from the above discussion, identify and explain any four ich factors.	¹ /2 mark for
A	ns. Factors affecting dividend decision: (Any four)	identifying the factor +
(i)	Stability of earnings	¹ ⁄ ₂ mark for quoting the line
ʻIt	t has been consistently earning good profits for many years'.	+ ¹ / ₂ mark for
	ability of earnings affects dividend decision as a company having stable rnings is in a position to declare higher dividends.	explanation =
(i	i) <u>Cash Flow position</u>	1 ½ x 4 = 6 marks
Ϋ́	`here is availability of enough cash in the company'.	o marks
A	good cash flow position is necessary for declaration of dividend.	
(ii	i) Growth Prospects	
'G	Good prospects for growth in the future'.	
If	a company has good growth opportunities, it pays out less dividend.	
(iv	() <u>Shareholders' preference</u>	
	t has many shareholders who prefer to receive regular income from their vestments'.	
	nareholder's preference is kept in mind by the management before declaring vidends.	
(v)) <u>Contractual constraints</u>	
ʻIt	t has taken a loan of Rs.60 Lakhs from SBI Bank andagreement'	
	Thile taking dividend decision, companies keep in mind the restrictions apposed by the lenders in the loan agreement.	

66/1/3	MARKING SCHEME-2014-15 BUSINESS STUDIES <u>DELHI-66/1/3</u> EXPECTED ANSWERS / VALUE POINTS	DISTRI- BUTION OF MARKS
1	Q. Pankaj purchased a car from 'Abhishek Motors' for Rs. 50 lakhs. The company offered many attractive gifts to Pankaj like - free insurance for first two years, free pick-up and drop facilities for free servicing upto 20,000 km, etc. But after a few days Pankaj noticed that the pick-up of the car was not good and there was some problems in the engine. The company serviced the car free of cost but even then Pankaj was not satisfied with its performance. 'Abhishek Motors' is not giving him the due response. So he filed a complaint in the State Commission but was not satisfied with its decision also. He was very much disturbed and after two months decided to appeal against it.	
	Can Pankaj appeal against the decision of the State Commission? Give reason in support of your answer.	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$
	Ans. No, Pankaj cannot appeal now as the appeal has to be filed within 30 days of passing of the order by the State Commission.	1 mark
2	Q. How do 'Floatation costs' affect the choice of capital structure of a company? State.	
	Ans .'Floatation costs' affect the choice of capital structure of a company as higher the floatation costs, less attractive the source of finance.	1 mark
3	Q. 'Reliable Transport Services Ltd.' specialises in transporting fruits and vegetables. It has a good reputation in the market as it delivers the fruits and vegetables at the right time and at the right place. State with reason whether the working capital requirements of 'Reliable	¹ / ₂ mark for identification + ¹ / ₂ mark for
	Transport Services' will be high or low. Ans. Low, as it is a service industry, which usually do not have to maintain inventory.	reason = $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ =
4	Q. 'Glow and Shine Ltd.' is a famous beauty brand offering organic beauty products for men and women. The company uses plant-based material for its products and is the No. 1 beauty brand in the country. It not only satisfies its customers but also believes in overall protection of the planet. Identify the marketing management philosophy being followed 'Glow and Shine Ltd.'	1 mark
	Ans. Societal marketing concept.	

6	Ans. Principles of management are mainly behavioural in nature as they aim at	
6	influencing behaviour of human beings.	
	Q. 'Bawa Cycles' was in the business of manufacturing racing-cycles and had a monopoly in the market. The business was doing very well and the company was consistently meeting its objective of 10% increase in sales every year. Encouraged by the good track record, the Managing Director of the company kept an ambitious target of 15% increase in sales for the next year. The same year two competitors also entered the market and because of this the company was not able to meet its target. Identify the limitation of one of the functions of management because of which the company was not able to achieve its target.	1 mark
7	Ans. Planning may not work in a dynamic environment.	1
7	Q. What is meant by 'Globalisation'?Ans. Globalisation means integrating the various economies of the world leading towards the emergence of a cohesive global economy.	1 mark
8	Q. Give the meaning of 'Strategy' as a type of plan.Ans. A strategy is a comprehensive plan made in response to changes in the business environment to achieve organisational objectives.	1 mark
9	 Q. Give the meaning of 'Divisional Structure of an organisation' with the help of a diagram. Ans. <u>Divisional structure</u> is an organisation structure comprising of separate business units or divisions. 	1 mark for the meaning +
	Divisional structure	
	Managing Director Managing Director Cosmetics Garments Footwear Skin care	2 marks for the diagram =
	Human Resources Marketing Research and Development Purchasing	1+2 = 3marks
	(Or any other correct diagram)	

10	Q. KPM Ltd.' is man	ufacturing breads and bisc	uits for many years. It has	1 mark for	
		nployees and most of them	110	identifying the	
	working environment. Because of this the labour turnover rate is very high.				
	Therefore the compa	Resource Manager, Naveen,	+		
	to analyse the situation		$\frac{1}{2}$ mark for		
	ĩ	there is no suggestion box f		naming	
		rievances. The company ra		the category of	
			sh their work and leave the	barrier	
	organisation.	e employees just come, mil	sh then work and leave the	+	
	0	unication barrier discussed	lahovo	¹ / ₂ mark for	
	•	of this communication bar		stating the	
	(c) Explain any other		category of		
	(C) Explain any other	the barrier			
	Ang (a) Organizations				
	Ans. (a) Organisationa	i facilities.		-	
				(½ mark for	
			and a second	naming	
		<u>tiers</u> which are related organi	sational structure, authority	another	
	relationships, rules and	l regulations.		barrier	
				+	
				½ mark	
		e same category are: (Any or	ie)	for its	
	(i) Organisational police	-		explanation)	
	(ii) Rules and regulation	ons.		=	
	(iii) Status.			1+1+1	
	(iv) Complexity in org	anisational structure.		=	
				3marks	
11	Q. Distinguish betwee	en Capital Market and Mor	ney Market on the basis of		
	the following :				
	(a)Participants				
	(b) Instruments				
	Ans. DISTINCTION I	BETWEEN CAPITAL MAR	KET AND MONEY		
	MARKET				
	Basis	CAPITAL	MONEY MARKET		
		MARKET			
	(a)Participants	The participants in the	Participants in the money		
		capital market are —	market are financial		
		financial institutions,	institutions, RBI, banks,	1 ½ marks	
		banks, public and	public and private		
		private companies,	companies and individual		
		foreign investors and	investors.		
		ordinary retail			
		investors from the			
		public.		+	
		puone.			
	(b) Instruments	The main instruments	The main instruments		
	(b) Instruments				
		traded in the capital	traded in the money	1 ½ marks	
		market are — Equity	market are Treasury Bills,	1 /2 mai KS	
		Shares, Debentures,	Commercial Bills,	_	
		Preference Shares,	Commercial Paper and	=	

		Bonds etc.	Certificates of Deposi	t. $1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}$
				= 3 marks
12	producing water purifiers water purifiers every day. smoothly and there was no always gives orders and in	. The target of th His job was to m o interruption in usists that they ar th can be given d	epending upon the performa	200 1 mark for identification , he + 1 mark for
	Ans. <u>Autocratic style of lea</u>	dership.		=
		0	insists that they are obeyed. edom to influence his decision	
		nation about future	up without consulting them. He plans but simply tells the gro	
13	Q. How do the 'market re distribution? Explain.	lated factors' affo	ect the choice of channels of	½ mark for th heading
	Ans. <u>Market related factors</u> (i) Size of the market (ii) Geographical concentra (iii) Quantity purchased.		choice of channels of distribut	ion: + ½ mark for each explanation
	(If an examinee has not gi	ven the headings	no marks should be deduct	ted) 1×3
14	Q. State any four points the environment.	nat highlight the	mportance of business	<u>3marks</u>
	Ans. Importance of busines	s environment: (A	ny four)	
	of losing them to the compe (ii) It helps to <u>identify threa</u>	etitors. <u>ts</u> on time which s <u>ul resources</u> so tha s.	g the first mover advantage in erves as an early warning sign t it can convert them into output n increasingly dynamic	nal.
	 (v) It helps in <u>assisting in pl</u> (vi) It helps in <u>improving pe</u> environment and adopting s 	erformance by cor		= 1 x 4 = 4 marks
	(If an examinee has given should be awarded)	only the heading	s, ½ mark for each heading	

15	 Q. Explain the following rights of a consumer as provided under Consumer Protection Act, 1986: (a) Right to be informed (b) Right to be heard. 	
	 Ans. (a) <u>Right to be informed:</u> The consumer has a right to have complete information about the product he intends to buy such as, ingredients, date of manufacture, price, quantity etc. It is because of this reason that the legal framework in India requires the manufacturers to provide such information on the package and label of the product. 	2 marks + 2 marks
	 (b) Right to be heard: The consumer has right to file a complaint and to be heard in case of dissatisfaction with a product or a service. It is because of this reason many firms have set up their own consumer service and grievance cells. 	= 4 marks
16	 Q. 'Zaira Ltd.' is a large and creditworthy company manufacturing air-conditioned buses for the Indian market. It now wants to export these buses to other countries and decides to invest in new hi-tech machines. Since the investment is large, it requires long-term finance. It decides to raise funds by issuing equity shares. The issue of equity shares involves huge floatation cost. To meet the expenses of floatation cost, the company decides to tap the money market. (a) Name and explain the money market instrument the company can use for the above purpose. (b) What is the duration for which the company can get funds through this instrument ? (c) State any other purpose for which this instrument can be used. 	1 mark for naming the instrument + 1 mark for its explanation + 1 mark for duration
	 Ans. (a) <u>Commercial Paper.</u> It is an instrument issued by large and creditworthy companies to raise short term funds at lower rates of interest than the market rates. It is an unsecured, negotiable promissory note with a fixed maturity period. (b) 15 days to one year. 	+ 1 mark for any other purpose = 1+1+1+1 = 4 marks
	(c) It can also be used for seasonal and working capital needs.	
17	Q. 'Adharshila Vidyalaya' believes in holistic development of students and encourages team building through a mix of curricular, co-curricular and sports activities. On its Founders' Day a stage performance had to be put up. A committee of ten prefects was constituted to plan different aspects of the function. They all decided to use recycled paper for decoration. As there	

other with mutual trust and belongingness, the programme was systematically planned and executed. Arvind, one of the prefects, realized that unknowingly the group had applied one of the principles of management while planning and executing the programme. He was so inspired by the success of the function, that he asked his father to apply the same principle in his business. His father replied that he was already using this principle. (a) Identify the principle of management applied for the success of the programme. (b) State any two features of management highlighted in the above paragraph. (c) Identify any two values which 'Adharshila Vidyalaya' communicated to the society.	
Ans. (a) Principle of management - Espirit de corps.	1 1 6
(b) <u>Features of management</u> : (Any two)	1 mark for identifying the
(i) MANAGEMENT IS PERVASIVE.	principle
<i>`he asked his father to apply the same principle in his business</i> .	
Management is pervasive as it can be applied to all types/ levels of organisations.	
(ii) MANAGEMENT IS A GROUP ACTIVITY	+
<i>'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other.</i>	
Management is a group activity because it requires team work and/or coordination of individual efforts.	
(iii) MANAGEMENT IS GOAL ORIENTED.	¹ / ₂ mark for
<i>the programme was systematically planned and executed</i> .	stating each feature —
Management is goal oriented as it unites the efforts of different individuals towards achieving organisational goals.	$(\frac{1}{2} \times 2)$
(iv) MANAGEMENT IS MULTI-DIMENSIONAL	1 mark
programme was systematically planned and executed.	
OR 'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other'.	
Management is multi-dimensional as it involves management of work, people and operations.	+

(v) MANAGEMENT IS INTANGIBLE	
<i>With mutual trust and belongingness'.</i>	
OR 'There was a spirit of unity and harmony and all members supported each other'.	
Management is intangible as it cannot be seen but its presence can be felt in the way the organisation functions.	1 mark for each value
(IF AN EXAMINEE HAS IDENTIFIED THE FEATURE OF MANAGEMENT CORRECTLY, FULL CREDIT BE GIVEN FOR EITHER QUOTING THE LINE OR GIVING THE STATEMENT)	= (1 x 2) = 2 marks
(c) <u>Values being communicated to the society:</u> (Any two)	= 1+1+2
(i) Concern for the environment.(ii) Holistic development of children.(iii) Teamwork	= 4 marks
(or any other correct value)	
 Q. The workers of 'Swastik Ltd.' are unable to work on new computerized machines imported by the company to fulfil the increased demand. Therefore the workers are seeking extra guidance from the supervisor and the supervisor is overburdened with the frequent calls of workers. Suggest how the supervisor, by increasing the skills and knowledge of workers, can make them handle their work independently. 	
workers, can make them nanule then work independently.	
Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor.	
Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of	1 mark
Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor.	+
Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor. Ans. <u>Training of employees</u> / <u>Vestibule training</u> / <u>On the job training</u> .	
Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor. Ans. Training of employees/ Vestibule training/ On the job training. Benefits the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor: (Any three) (a) It helps in promotion and career growth due to improved skills and	+ 1 mark for
Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor. Ans. Training of employees/ Vestibule training/ On the job training. Benefits the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor: (Any three) (a) It helps in promotion and career growth due to improved skills and knowledge.	+ 1 mark for each statement =
 Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor. Ans. Training of employees/ Vestibule training/ On the job training. Benefits the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor: (Any three) (a) It helps in promotion and career growth due to improved skills and knowledge. (b) It helps him to earn more due to improved performance. 	+ 1 mark for each statement = 1 x 3 =
 Also state any three benefits that the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor. Ans. Training of employees/ Vestibule training/ On the job training. Benefits the workers will derive by the decision of the supervisor: (Any three) (a) It helps in promotion and career growth due to improved skills and knowledge. (b) It helps him to earn more due to improved performance. (c) It reduces accidents as the employees are more efficient to handle machines. 	+ 1 mark for each statement = 1 x 3 = 3 marks =

	 toys for the Indian rural market, with 20 employees. The company did very well in its initial years. As the products were good and marketed well, the demand of its products went up. To increase the production the company decided to recruit additional employees. Harsh who was earlier taking all decisions for the company had to selectively disperse the authority. He believed that subordinates are competent, capable and resourceful and can assume responsibility for effective implementation of their decisions. This paid off and the company was not only able to increase its production but also expanded its product range with different features. (a) Identify the concept used by Harsh through which he was able to steer his company to greater heights. (b) Also explain any three points of the importance of this concept. Ans. (a) Decentralisation. (b) Importance of decentralisation: (Any three) (i) Develops managerial talent for the future. (ii) Quick decision making. (iv) Relief to top management. (v) Facilitates growth. (vi) Better control. (if an examinee has not given the headings as above but has given the correct explanation, full credit should be given) (IF THE CONCEPT IS WRONGLY IDENTIFIED BUT THE POINTS OF IMPORTANCE ARE CORRECT, DUE CREDIT BE GIVEN) 	1 mark for identifying the concept + (½ mark for the heading + ½ mark for its explanation) = 1 x 3 = 3 marks = 1+3 = 4 marks
20	Q. State the features of 'Formal Organisation'. Ans. Features of 'Formal Organisation': (i) It clarifies who has to report to whom. (ii) It is a means to achieve the objectives as it lays down rules and procedures for their achievement. (iii) It coordinates the efforts of various departments. (iv) It is deliberately designed by the top management to facilitate smooth functioning. (v) It places more emphasis on work rather than inter-personal relationships. (If an examinee has given only the headings, ½ mark for each heading should be awarded)	1 mark for each statement = 1 x 5 = 5marks
21	Q. Kavya had been working with 'Reliable Ltd.' for the last ten years. She was famous for her dedication towards the work. When the manager senior to her retired, all her colleagues thought that now Kavya would be promoted. But to everyone's surprise the vacant post was filled by an outsider 'Miss Garima'. Because of this, Kavya felt demoralised and her performance started declining. She would absent herself often and could not meet her targets.	

	 Miss Garima was a good leader who would not only instruct her subordinates but also guide and inspire them. She noticed Kavya's behaviour and felt that her performance could be improved. She started involving Kavya in decision-making issues related to the organization and made her a member of a high-level joint management committee. Kavya was now punctual to office and her performance started (a) Identify the function of management being performed by Garima. (b) Name the element of the above function of management which helped Garima to improve Kavya's behaviour. (c) State any three features of the element identified in (b) above. (a) Directing. (b) Motivation. (c) Features of motivation: (Any three) (a) It is an internal feeling. (b) It produces goal directed behaviour. (c) It can be positive or negative. (d) It is a complex process. 	1 mark for identifying the function + 1 mark for identifying the element = + 1 mark for each feature = (1 x 3) = 3 marks = 1+1+3 = 5 marks
	(If an examinee has identified the element in part (b) as non financial incentive, full credit is to be given)	5 marks
22	 Q. A company was manufacturing solar panels for charging of mobiles which were in great demand. It was found that the target of producing 500 solar panels a day was not being met by the employees. On analysis it was found that the workers were not at fault. Due to non-availability of raw materials and shortage of workers, the company was not able to achieve the set targets and alternative arrangements were needed. To meet the increased demand the company assessed that approximately 66 additional workers were required out of which 6 would work as heads of different departments and 10 would work as subordinates under each head. The required qualifications and job specifications were also enlisted. It was also decided that necessary relaxation should be given to encourage women, persons from backward and rural areas and persons with special abilities to match the ability of the applicants with the nature of work. (a) Identify the functions of management discussed above. (b) State the two steps in the process of each function discussed in the above para. (c) List any two values which the company wants to communicate to the society. 	
	Ans. (a) Staffing and controlling.	
	(b) Steps in Staffing:	
	(i) <u>Estimating manpower requirements</u> which involves knowing how many persons are needed and of what type.	

	'To meet the increased demand, the company assessed that subordinates under each head'.	(½ mark for identifying each function
	 (ii) <u>Recruitment</u> which involves searching for prospective employees and stimulating them to apply for jobs in the organisation. (IF AN EXAMINEE HAS ONLY IDENTIFIED '<u>ESTIMATING</u> <u>MANPOWER REQUIREMENTS'</u> AS A STEP IN THE STAFFING PROCESS, FULL CREDIT IS TO BE GIVEN) 	= ¹ / ₂ x 2 = 1 mark) + (¹ / ₂ mark for
	Steps in controlling: (Any two)	identifying each step
	(i) <u>Comparison of actual performance with the standards</u> which would reveal the deviation between actual and desired results.	+ ½ mark for either quoting
	'It was found that the target of producing 300 bulbs a day was not met by the employees'.	the line OR stating the step
	(ii) <u>Analysing deviations</u> which would help to find out the causes of deviation.	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$
	On analysis, it was found that the workers were not at faultalternative arrangements were needed.	2 marks) + (1 mark for
	(iii) <u>Taking corrective action</u>, if required.To meet the increased demand, the company assessed that approximatelyas	each value = 1 x 2 =
	subordinates under each head.	2 marks) =
	(If an examinee has given all the steps of the process, ½ mark may be deducted)	1+2+2 =
	 (c) <u>Values which the company wants to communicate to the society: (Any two)</u> (i) Using environment friendly methods of production. (ii) Women empowerment. (iii) Upliftment of underprivileged sections of the society. 	5 marks
	(or any other correct value)	
23	 Q. Explain the following principles of management: (a) Co-operation, not Individualism (b) Subordination of Individual Interest to General Interest. (a) Cooperation, not individualism: 	
	 There should be complete co-operation between the management and the workers instead of individualism. 	1 x 3 =

	• This principle is an extension of principle of 'Harmony, Not Discord'. Competition should be replaced by cooperation.	3 marks
	• For all important decisions taken by the management, workers should be taken into confidence. The management should be open to any constructive suggestions made by the employees and suitably reward them.	+
	(b) Subordination of Individual Interest to General Interest:	
	• The interests of an organisation should take priority over the interests of any individual employee.	$1 \times 3 = 2$
	 The larger interests of the workers and stakeholders are more important than the interest of any one person. A manager can ensure this by his/ her exemplary behaviour. 	3 marks = 3+3
		= 6 marks
24	 Q.' Silkiya Ltd.' is a company manufacturing silk cloth. It has been consistently earning good profits for many years. This year too, it has been able to generate enough profits. There is availability of enough cash in the company and good prospects for growth in future. It is a well-managed organisation and believes in quality, equal employment opportunities and good remuneration practices. It has many shareholders who prefer to receive a regular income from their investments. It has taken a loan of Rs.60 lakhs from SBI Bank and is bound by certain restrictions on the payment of dividend according to the terms of the loan agreement. The above discussion about the company leads to various factors which decide how much profit should be retained and how much has to be distributed by the company. Quoting the lines from the above discussion, identify and explain any four such factors. 	¹ /2 mark for identifying the factor +
	(i) <u>Stability of earnings</u>	½ mark for quoting the
	'It has been consistently earning good profits for many years'.	line +
	Stability of earnings affects dividend decision as a company having stable earnings is in a position to declare higher dividends.	½ mark for explanation =
	(ii) <u>Cash Flow position</u>	1 ½ x 4
	'There is availability of enough cash in the company'.	= 6 marks
	A good cash flow position is necessary for declaration of dividend.	
	(iii) Growth Prospects	
	'Good prospects for growth in the future'.	

	If a company has good growth opportunities, it pays out less dividend.	
	(iv) Shareholders' preference	
	'It has many shareholders who prefer to receive regular income from their investments'.	
	Shareholder's preference is kept in mind by the management before declaring dividends.	
	(v) <u>Contractual constraints</u>	
	'It has taken a loan of Rs.60 Lakhs from SBI Bank andagreement'	
	While taking dividend decision, companies keep in mind the restrictions imposed by the lenders in the loan agreement.	
25	Q. Vasvi was a student of Commerce in class XII. Her father was a farmer, who grew different varieties of wheat and was well versed about various aspects of wheat cultivation. He was also selected by the government for a pilot-project on wheat cultivation. As a project she decided to study the feasibility of marketing good quality wheat at reasonable price. Her father suggested to her to use internet to gather customers' views and opinions. She found that there was a huge demand for organic-packed wheat. She knew that there were no pre-determined specifications in case of wheat, because of which it would be difficult to achieve uniformity in the output. To differentiate the product from its competitors, she gave it the name of 'Mahan-organic-wheat' and classified it into three different varieties namely - Popular, Classic and Supreme, based on the quality. She felt that these names would help her in product differentiation. Explain the three functions of marketing, with reference to the above paragraph.	
	Ans. Functions of marketing, with reference to the above paragraph are:	
	(i) Gathering and analysing market information.	
	" use internet to gather customers' views and opinions."	
	(ii) Standardisation and Grading/ Grading.	
	<i>`no pre-determined specifications in case of wheat because of which it would be difficult to achieve uniformity in the output.'</i> OR	1 mark for naming the function
	<i>CK</i> <i>'…classified it into three different varieties namely – Popular, Classic and Supreme, based on the quality'.</i>	+ ½ mark for
	(iii) Branding.	quoting the line +
	'To differentiate the product from its competitors, she gave it the name of	¹ ⁄ ₂ mark

'Mahan Organic Wheat'.'	for its
OR	explanation
She felt that these names would help her in product differentiation.	=
	2 x 3
(IF AN EXAMINEE HAS IDENTIFED THE FUNCTIONS CORRECTLY	=
AND HAS GIVEN THE EXPLANATION WITHOUT QUOTING THE	6 marks
LINES FROM THE ABOVE PARA, FULL CREDIT IS TO BE GIVEN)	